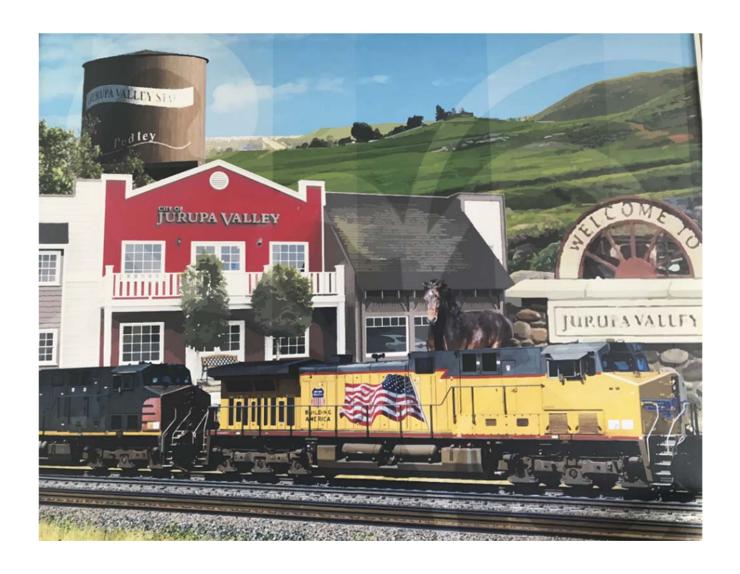
CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY

Jurupa Valley, California Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2018

Prepared by
FINANCIAL SERVICES
ALAN KREIMEIER
Director of Administrative Services







CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2018

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CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2018

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Limonite Avenue Widening Project







City of Jurupa Valley

March 7, 2019

Honorable Mayor, City Council, And Citizens of the City of Jurupa Valley City of Jurupa Valley Jurupa Valley, CA 92509

Letter of Transmittal Fiscal Year 2017-18 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Jurupa Valley, California:

It is with great pleasure that we present to you the City of Jurupa Valley's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This report gives its readers a comprehensive view of the City's financial activities during the fiscal year and the financial position at the end of the fiscal year. The basic financial statements are presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). They were audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management representations concerning the finances of the City of Jurupa Valley in its seventh year of incorporation. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in the report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has implemented a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information to prepare the City's financial statements in conformity to GAAP. The City's internal control procedures are established on the principle that the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits. As a result the City has designed the internal control systems to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Management also recognizes that the internal control environment changes over time due to changes in operation or the personnel performing various duties. As a result, the internal control environment is continuously being assessed to ensure that adequate controls still exist within the City to achieve the City's objectives.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, Certified Public Accountants, an independent firm of certified public accountants. The purpose of an independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Jurupa Valley for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are free of any material misstatements. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. GAAP require that management provide a narrative of introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors in the financial section of this report.

Profile of the Government

The City of Jurupa Valley, California was incorporated as a general law city effective July 1, 2011. Jurupa Valley is the 28th city in Riverside County and newest city in California. The City is located approximately 50 miles southeast of Los Angeles. Located in Western Riverside County, in an area also known as the Inland Empire, the city covers approximately 46 square miles, with the borders running along the 15 freeway to the west, the Santa Ana River to the south and east and San Bernardino County to the north.

A community of communities the City of Jurupa Valley joined together the unincorporated areas of Riverside County previously known as Mira Loma, Glen Avon, Pedley, Indian Hills, Jurupa Hills, Sunnyslope, Crestmore Heights, Rubidoux, and Belltown.

The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. Under this form of government, policy-making and legislative authority are vested in the City Council consisting of five (5) members elected by district. The City Council responsibilities include, but are not limited to, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees and commissions, and hiring both the City Manager and City Attorney. The Council Members serve four (4) year terms and the Mayor is appointed annually by and from the City Council. As Chief Executive Officer, the City Manager is responsible for administering programs in accordance with policies established by the City Council and within the guidelines of the annual budget adopted by the City Council.

This report includes all funds of the City. It includes all governmental organizations and activities for which the City of Jurupa Valley's City Council is financially accountable. The City provides a wide range of services including planning, building, public works, engineering, code enforcement, and general administrative activities. Services including library, police, animal control and fire protection are also provided to the City and its citizens through contracts with the County of Riverside. Other services are provided directly through other agencies. Water and sewer services are delivered by the Jurupa Community Services District, the Rubidoux Community Services District and Santa Ana River Water Company. Parks and recreation services are provided by the Jurupa Area Recreation and Parks District. Public transit is provided through the Riverside Transit Agency. The City has franchise agreements for electricity service through Southern California Edison, natural gas through the Gas Company, refuse collection through Waste Management and Burrtec, and cable service through state franchise agreements with Pacific Bell (AT&T), and Charter Communications.

City Milestones

Vehicle License Fee (VLF) Restored- VLF added \$7 Million annually in tax revenue which eliminated the major budget structural deficit the City of Jurupa Valley was faced with since VLF funding was taken away by the State when the City incorporated.

SB 132 funding- The City of Jurupa Valley entered into Amendment 1 to a Cooperative Agreement with the County of Riverside, RCTC, and City of Eastvale for the Limonite Avenue and Interstate 15 Interchange Improvements in the amount of \$48 Million. The City also entered into an agreement with County of Riverside Transportation Department and RCTC for Grade Separation Improvement to Jurupa Road in the amount of \$108.4 Million.

TUMF- The City of Jurupa Valley obtained funding for Limonite Ave. (Bain to Homestead) Widening in the amount of \$1,710,000 along with funding for Van Buren Blvd. (Limonite Ave to Santa Ana River) Widening, in the amount of \$5,980,000. Both projects are in the design phase.

Jurupa Valley High School SR2S- The City of Jurupa Valley obtained a grant from Active Transportation Program for Safe Route to Schools to provide curb, gutter, sidewalk and dirt trails along Martin St, 48th St and Troth St and provided a curb bump out at the Bellegrave and Martin intersection. This project is complete.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City has a set of financial policies that it abides by and continually reviews and updates the policies as the needs of the City change and, when necessary, to comply with any new and applicable legislation. Initially following incorporation, the City adopted all of Riverside County's Ordinances. As the City develops its own unique needs, it will continue to create and tailor these former County Ordinances to directly address the City's goals.

The Budget Process

Beginning at incorporation, and continuing each year thereafter, the City embarks on a strategic budget process beginning in the spring with a discussion of the City Council goals and priorities. The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Jurupa Valley's financial planning and control of both operating and capital expenditures.

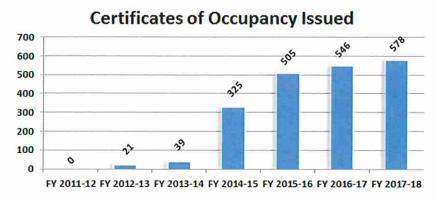
The City maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with the legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The proposed budget is submitted to the City Council and a public meeting is conducted to allow taxpayers the opportunity to comment on the proposed budget. Subsequently, the budget is adopted by the City Council through the passage of resolutions. Throughout the year the City Council may amend the budget to add or remove appropriations, transfer appropriations within a fund or change appropriations between funds.

Local Economy

This information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered within the specific environment that the City of Jurupa Valley operates.

The Center for Economic Forecasting and Development at the University of California Riverside reported that 2018 was another strong year for the Inland Empire. The regions unemployment rate decreased as of June 2018 to 4.1%, a 1.1% decrease when comparing to 2017. In the same period the Inland Empire experienced 2.4% growth in employee payroll.

The City of Jurupa Valley saw a 5.9% increase in the Certificates of Occupancy issued in Fiscal

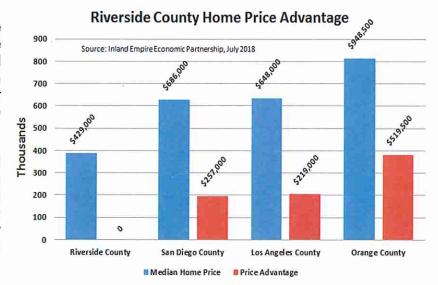


Year 2017-18. The very large Inland Empire housing price advantage compared to the coastal counties continued in guarter of Housing affordability in the inland areas for local 49% residents was in Riverside County and 52% in San Bernardino County.

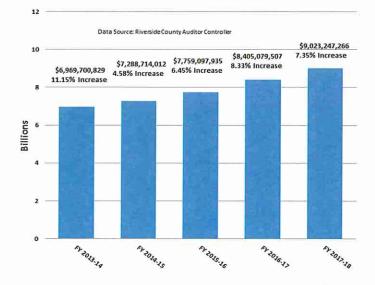
■ Certificates of Occupancy Issued

Riverside County new home sales realized a median home price of \$429,000 for the second quarter of 2018. This was 1.1% higher than the second quarter of 2017 when the median price was \$424,500.

Riverside County experienced an increase in the median existing home price of 6.1% in the second quarter of 2018 as compared to second quarter 2017, from \$358,000 to \$380,000.

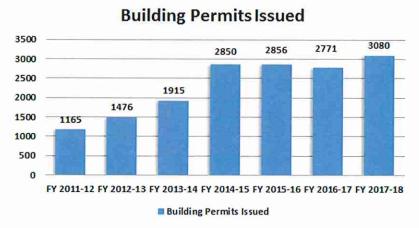


City of Jurupa Valley Assessed Valuation





The City will continue to realize increases in property tax revenues. This is primarily due to existing vacant land being transformed into residential and commercial properties and the continued increase in existing home sale prices.



Since incorporation, the City has experienced a steady increase in the number of Building Permits issued each year with 2,850 issued in Fiscal Year 2014-15, significant increase of 49% compared to Fiscal Year 2013-14. In Fiscal Years 2015-16 and 2016-17 permits remained stagnant since new homes sales decreased because of lack of supply, high FICO score requirements and the low ceiling on FHA, Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac confirming loans. Building Permits showed an increase of 11% in Fiscal

Year 2017-18 which was in the range of the increase in new home sales that Riverside County saw of 9.8%. New homes sold in the second quarter of 2018 were 1,356 as compared with new homes sold in 2017 which were 1,235.

Long-term Financial and Strategic Planning

The General Plan sets forth the goals, policies and directions the City will take in managing its future. The General Plan is the citizens' "blueprint" for development; the guide to achieving our vision. California law requires each local government to adopt a local General Plan, which must contain at least seven elements: Land Use, Transportation, Housing, Conservation, Noise, Open Space and Safety. The City of Jurupa Valley City Council, adopted the City's first General Plan in September of 2017.

The Engineering Department has developed a five year Capital Improvement Plan that includes plans for Street, Traffic and Transportation, Drainage and other miscellaneous infrastructure improvements.

Acknowledgements

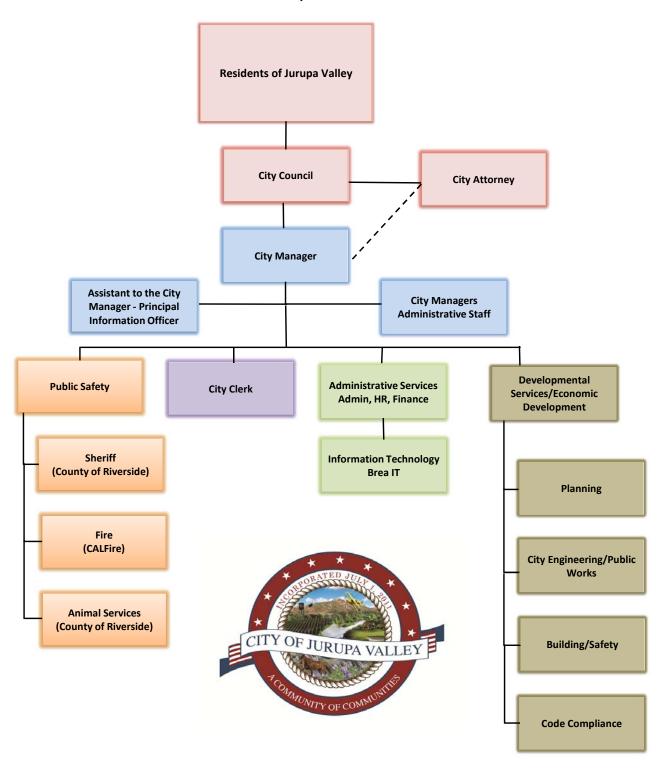
The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the dedication and effort of the entire Administrative Services Department's staff and the independent auditors, Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP, Certified Public Accountants. We would like to express our appreciation to the City Council and City staff for their effort and support throughout the year.

Respectfully submitted,

Gary Thompson, City Manager



CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY Organization Chart June 30, 2018





LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Council- Manager Form of Government

CITY COUNCIL

MICHAEL GOODLAND

Mayor

BRIAN BERKSON

Mayor Pro Tem

ANTHONY KELLY JR.

Council Member

LAURA ROUGHTON

Council Member

VERNE LAURITZEN

Council Member

CITY ADMNISITRATION

Gary Thompson, City Manager
George Wentz, Assistant City Manager
Peter Thorson, City Attorney
Alan Kreimeier, Director of Administrative Services
Vicki Wasko, City Clerk
Thomas Merrell, Director of Planning Services
Steve Loriso, City Engineer









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the City Council City of Jurupa Valley, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jurupa Valley (City), California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12, and the schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – budget and actual for the General Fund, Gas Tax Fund, and Measure A fund and related note on pages 45 through 48 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non major fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived for and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 22, 2019, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Vavrinek, Trine, Day 6, LLP Riverside, California February 22, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the City of Jurupa Valley's (City) financial condition and performance provides an introduction and overview of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to be condensed, we encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal and the basic financial statements including the accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets of the City at June 30, 2018 were \$64.82 million and exceeded total liabilities of \$19.34 million by \$45.48 million. The difference between total assets and total liabilities is referred to as total net position.
- As of June 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$15.01 million. This does not include Investments in capital assets of \$32.27 million. Approximately \$10.66 million of the governmental funds' fund balance is restricted. The remaining fund balance of \$4.36 million, or 29.02%, is unassigned.
- Debt service payments are pledged from County Measure A sales tax override funds and eight principal payments totaling \$7.74 million remain. The proceeds of the \$8,165,000 Certificates of Participation Series 2016, have been, and continue to be, used to finance the design, acquisition and construction of certain local roadway improvements and street resurfacing projects within the jurisdiction of the City.
- Due to other governments increased by \$279 thousand as the revenue neutrality payment to the County of Riverside for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was properly accrued in accordance with the Revenue and Neutrality Agreement by and between the County of Riverside and the City of Jurupa Valley.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the City of Jurupa Valley as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of the following three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements:</u> The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner that is similar to a private-sector business.

Government-wide financial statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases may provide a useful indicator on whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities provides information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. These changes are reported using the full accrual basis of accounting, that is, when the economic event occurs, rather than when cash is received or paid. Under this basis of accounting, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in future cash inflows or outflows such as vacation earned but not paid and uncollected taxes.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, community development, public works, and public safety. The City does not have any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the Table of Contents under the heading Basic Financial Statements.

<u>Fund financial statements:</u> A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains eighteen individual governmental funds for financial reporting purposes. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund, Measure A Special Revenue Fund, Development Impact Fee Capital Project Fund, and Measure A COP Series 2016 Capital Project Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, special revenue funds and capital projects funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the Table of Contents under the heading Basic Financial Statements.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u>: Proprietary funds account for two types of services — enterprise and internal services funds. The City maintains only internal service funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions and departments. The City uses internal service funds to account for self-funded insurance and information services activities. Because these funds predominantly benefit governmental activities rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the Table of Contents under the heading Basic Financial Statements.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. In these cases, the City has a fiduciary responsibility and is acting as a trustee. The Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities separately reports all of the City's fiduciary activities. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The City uses a fiduciary fund to account for development deposits made in conjunction with certain building, planning and engineering permits issued.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the Table of Contents under the heading Basic Financial Statements.

<u>Notes to the basic financial statements:</u> The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found in the Table of Contents under the heading Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

<u>Other supplementary information:</u> In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* (RSI), about the City's General Fund, the Gas Tax Fund and Measure A Fund budgetary comparison. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented for all non-major Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. The supplementary financial information also includes budgetary comparison schedules for the nonmajor governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with the annual budget as adopted and amended. The Required Supplementary Information can be found following the Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds and the budgetary comparison schedules for the nonmajor governmental funds can be found following the Required Supplementary Information.

Government-wide financial analysis

The government-wide financial statements provide long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial condition. This analysis addresses the financial statements of the City as a whole.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, City assets exceeded liabilities by \$45.48 million as summarized below:

City of Jurupa Valley
Statement of Net Position
As of the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017
(\$ in thousands)

		Governmen					
	2018		2018 2017		Variance		
Assets:							
Current and other assets		26,086		27,638	\$	(1,552)	
Capital assets (net of depreciation)		38,735	-	33,266	Sec.	5,469	
Total assets	\$	64,821	\$	60,904	\$	3,917	
Liabilities:							
Current and other liabilities	\$	11,424	S	12,232	\$	(808)	
Long-term liabilities	_	7,915		8,850		(935)	
Total liabilities	\$	19,339	\$	21,082	\$	(1,743)	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	S	32,266	S	29,225	S	3,041	
Restricted		11,106		7,557		3,549	
Unrestricted		2,110		3,040		(930)	
Total net position	\$	45,482	\$	39,822	\$	5,660	

Total assets increased \$3.92 million as a result of a \$5.47 million of capital assets being recorded. Resources are utilized for investment in infrastructure and city vehicles. Depreciation expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was \$3.41 million.

Total Liabilities decreased by \$1.74 million primarily due to decrease in accounts payable for the year end accruals. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 the City had \$7.92 million in long term liabilities.

Net investment in capital assets represents 70.94% of the City's net position due to the initial transfer of fixed assets from the County of Riverside and the subsequent accounting for donated assets and fixed assets acquired since incorporation. The City uses capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

<u>Statement of Activities:</u> The statement of activities shows how the City's net position changed during the fiscal year 2017-2018. Provided below is a summary of changes in net position:

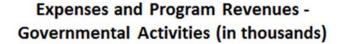
City of Jurupa Valley Statement of Activities As of the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 (\$ in thousands)

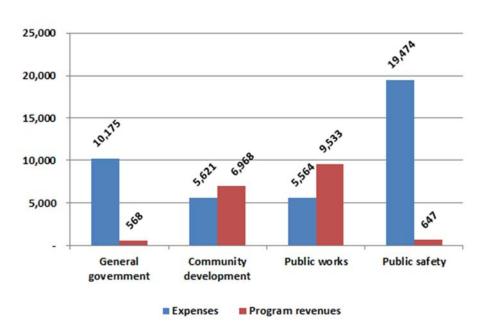
		2018	87	2017	Variance		
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	S	6,382	S	6,218	S	164	
Operating grants and contributions		8,891		8,214		677	
Capital grants and contributions		2,443		3,566		(1,123)	
General revenues		28,904		21,623		7,281	
Total revenues	\$	46,620	\$	39,621	\$	6,999	
Expenses:							
General government	\$	10,175	S	7,969	S	2,206	
Community development		5,621		5,558		63	
Public works		5,564		6,332		(768)	
Public safety		19,474		18,356		1,118	
Interest and fiscal charges		127		481		(354)	
Total expenses	\$	40,961	\$	38,696	\$	2,265	
Change in net position:	\$	5,659	\$	925	\$	4,734	
Net position, beginning of year	\$	39,823	\$	38,898	\$	925	
Net position, end of year	\$	45,482	\$	39,823	\$	5,659	

Total revenues increased by \$7.00 million over the prior year. The increase is related to the City receiving revenues from Vehicle License Fees in the amount of \$6.78 million.

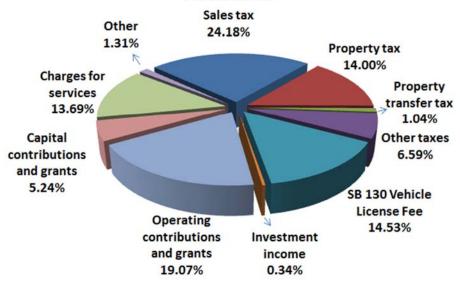
Total expenses increased by \$2.27 million over the prior year. Increases in General Government and Community Development were due to an increase in infrastructure engineering and planning as well as increase housing and commercial development within the city. The increase in Public Safety expenditures of \$1.12 million was primarily due to the increased cost of the contract with the Riverside County Sheriff's Department.

The charts below provide graphic representation of the City's expenses compared to program revenues by function and its revenue by source.





Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



The governmental activities' expense and program revenue chart is designed to reflect expenses associated with each City function and the revenues that are directly attributable to each function. It is important to note that general revenues such as property, sales, and other taxes are not directly attributable to specific functions and are therefore used to support program activities citywide.

Financial Analysis of City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds:</u> The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable resources*. Such information is useful in assessing the City's ability to meet financial obligations in the short-term. As example, assigned and unassigned fund balance could serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2018, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$15.01 million. Of the \$15.01 million, \$10.66 million or 71.0% constitutes restricted fund balance which can only be used for specific purposes due to external restrictions or enabling legislation. The remainder of fund balance is unassigned which represents the amount that is available for any purpose.

<u>Proprietary Funds:</u> Proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the governmental-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The City's Proprietary funds consist of two Internal Service funds. The Internal Service funds are presented as Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. The City uses the two funds to allocate the cost of the City's information systems and risk management activities to various departments.

<u>Fiduciary Funds:</u> The City uses Fiduciary funds to account for development deposits made in conjunction with certain building permits issued.

General Fund Financial and Budgetary Highlights

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At June 30, 2018 unassigned fund balance was \$4.79 million. As a measure of the General Fund's financial condition, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 13.0% of the General Fund expenditures.

Overall, General Fund revenues for fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 totaled \$35.11 million, compared to \$28.55 million in the prior year. The major components are property taxes (\$6.53 million), sales taxes (\$11.27 million), vehicle license fees (\$6.78 million), and charges for services (\$6.38 million) and franchise taxes (\$3.07 million).

General Fund expenditures total \$36.85 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 compared to \$33.01 million in the prior year. The major expenditure components are General government (\$9.95 million), Community development (\$3.91 million), Public works (\$3.52 million) and Public safety (\$19.47 million).

The difference between General Fund budget and actual are summarized below:

City of Jurupa Valley General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule As of the Year Ended June 30, 2018 (\$ in thousands)

	E	Budget		Actual	Variance	
Revenues:						
Total revenues	\$	34,539	\$	35,114	\$	575
Expenditures:						
Total expenditures	\$	35,228	\$	36,849	\$	1,621
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	\$	171	\$	1,447	S	1,276
Transfers out		(264)	71	(236)	S	28
Total other financing sources	\$	(93)	\$	1,211	\$	1,304
Net change in fund balances		(782)		(523)		258
Net position, beginning of year	\$	5,314	\$	5,314	\$	
Net position, end of year	\$	4,532	\$	4,791	\$	258

- Actual revenues were above budget by \$575 thousand.
 - The City had excess revenues of \$730 thousand in sales taxes and under budget for \$368 thousand in property taxes
 - Developer contributions of .93 thousand was collected for developer agreements to provide constructions of necessary public facilities and to maintain the equestrian lifestyle in the Pedley Village area of Jurupa Valley
- Actual expenditures were above budget by \$1.62. The detailed variances are:
 - General Government expenditures were \$2.21 million over budget primarily due to increases in activity in legal consulting, litigation and reimbursable costs related to development processing
 - Community Development was under budget by \$80 thousand due to increases in consulting services in both the building and planning departments. These expenditures corresponded to the increase in charges for services in those departments.
 - Public Safety expenditures were \$575 thousand under budget due to cost savings achieved in some of the services provided by the County of Riverside Sheriff.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

<u>Capital Assets:</u> City investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of June 30, 2018, amounted to \$38.74 million (net of accumulated depreciation). Investment in capital assets includes infrastructure assets as well as land, buildings, improvements, equipment and vehicles.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to basic financial statements and a summary is provided below.

City of Jurupa Valley Capital Assets (net of depreciation) As of the Years Ended June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 (\$ in thousands)

		Governmen				
	-	2018	2017		Va	ariance
Construction in progress	\$	6,027	\$	9,010	\$	(2,983)
Infrastructure		30,280		23,276		7,004
Buildings and Improvements		1,548		-		1,548
Leasehold improvements		419		444		(25)
Furniture and equipment		39		51		(12)
Land improvements		55		39		16
Vehicles		367		446		(79)
Total assets	\$	38,735	\$	33,266	\$	5,469

Long-term debt: At the end of fiscal year 2017-2018, the City had outstanding long-term debt of \$8.72 million.

Economic Factors and Fiscal Year 2018-2019 Budget

The fiscal year 2018-2019 City budget was prepared conservatively. Property tax estimates were projected with minimal growth from the previous fiscal year and there were no tax rate or fee increases as part of the preparation of and adoption of the fiscal year 2018-2019 budget.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City Clerk, City of Jurupa Valley, 8930 Limonite Avenue, Jurupa Valley, CA 92509, or call (951) 332-6464.



CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 20,120,115
Receivables:	
Accounts	43,288
Due from other governments	3,661,874
Deposits	37,000
Interest	39,177
Restricted cash and investments (note 2)	2,184,443
Capital assets not being depreciated (note 4)	6,027,197
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation (note 4)	32,707,830
Total Assets	64,820,924
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	6,553,239
Accrued liabilities	32,330
Due to other governments	3,719,329
Deposits payable	265,057
Interest payable	51,620
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
Compensated absences	57,455
Certificates of Participation	745,000
Due in more than one year:	
Compensated absences	5,961
Certificates of Participation	7,908,832
Total Liabilities	19,338,823
Net Position:	
Net investment in capital assets	32,265,638
Restricted for:	
Community development	2,090,305
Public works	9,016,192
Unrestricted	2,109,966
Total Net Position	\$ 45,482,101

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				I	Net (Expense)					
				*		Operating			Revenue and	
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions		Changes in Net Position	
Governmental Activities:		Expenses		Bervices		Contributions		Contributions		Tosition
General government	\$	10,174,615	\$	422,202	\$	114,815	\$	31,154	\$	(9,606,444)
Community development		5,620,957		3,328,952		3,638,673		_		1,346,668
Public works		5,563,655		2,266,457		4,855,182		2,411,850		3,969,834
Public safety		19,474,227		364,250		282,473		-		(18,827,504)
Interest and fiscal charges		127,335		-		-		_		(127,335)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	40,960,789	\$	6,381,861	\$	8,891,143	\$	2,443,004		(23,244,781)
General Revenues: Taxes:										
		Property taxes								6,528,839
Sales taxes								11,273,075		
	_	Franchise taxes								2,790,268
		ransient occup	-	taxes						283,529
		Property transfe		6 . 1:	1 6					484,192
		Property taxes i			cie fee	2				6,775,334
		estment incom her	e, uni	restricted						157,448
	Oi.	ilei								611,567
		Total general	reven	ues						28,904,252
		Change in net	posit	ion						5,659,471
Net position, beginning of year								39,822,630		
	Net 1	osition, end of	year						\$	45,482,101

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund has been classified as a major fund and is used to account for revenues and expenditures that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for a particular purpose. The following funds have been classified as major funds. The budget to actual comparison for these funds have been presented in the accompanying financial statements as Required Supplementary Information:

Gas Tax Fund

To account for revenue received for gasoline taxes under Sections 2105, 2106, 2107, 2107.5 and 2032(h)(2) of the Street and Highway Code to be used solely for transportation related purposes.

Measure A Fund

To account for revenue received from the State of California from a special ½% sales tax to be used for street maintenance and improvements only. In addition, the fund accounts for the repayment of the Measure A COP Series 2016 payable from Measure A revenue.

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Major Capital Projects Funds are used to account for capital expenditures funded from general revenues and to account for the financing, construction, and administrative activities of the City.

Development Impact Fees

This fund is used to account for the receipt of fees for development related activities such as infrastructure and public facilities.

Measure A COP Series 2016

This fund is used to account for the construction of all capital projects that utilize the resources from the Certificate of Participation Series 2016.

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2018

				Special Revenue Fund			Capital Projects Funds			
		General		Gas Tax	N	Ieasure A		Developer mpact Fees		Measure A P Series 2016
Assets										
Cash and investments	\$	9,320,824	\$	721,041	\$	263,643	\$	6,203,971	\$	-
Accounts receivable		6,141		-		-		-		37,147
Intergovernmental receivable		1,863,043		375,158		556,360		-		-
Due from other funds (note 3)		1,882,275		-		-		-		-
Advance from other funds (note 3)		367,000		-		-		-		-
Deposits receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Interest receivable		19,306		1,229		450		11,256		-
Cash and investments - restricted	-									2,184,443
Total assets	\$	13,458,589	\$	1,097,428	\$	820,453	\$	6,215,227	\$	2,221,590
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, an	d fund	balances								
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	4,698,105	\$	754,591	\$	270,417	\$	_	\$	263,897
Accrued liabilities		32,330		-		25,592		_		-
Due to other governments		3,719,329		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds (note 3)		-		-		-		-		1,459,294
Advances to other funds (note 3)		-		-		367,000		-		-
Deposits payable		218,168								
Total liabilities		8,667,932		754,591		663,009				1,723,191
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue		-		-		37,247		-		-
Fund balances										
Restricted for:										
Community development		-		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		342,837		120,197		6,215,227		498,399
Unassigned		4,790,657		-		-				
Total fund balances		4,790,657		342,837		120,197		6,215,227		498,399
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and fund balances	\$	13,458,589	\$	1,097,428	\$	820,453	\$	6,215,227	\$	2,221,590

	Non-Major overnmental Funds		Totals
Φ.	2 <10 202	ф	20.110.602
\$	3,610,203	\$	20,119,682
	-		43,288
	867,313		3,661,874
	-		1,882,275
	- 27.000		367,000
	37,000		37,000
	6,936		39,177
	-		2,184,443
\$	4,521,452	\$	28,334,739
			, ,
\$	591,824	\$	6,578,834
-	-	-	57,922
	_		3,719,329
	422,981		1,882,275
	, <u>-</u>		367,000
	46,889		265,057
	1,061,694		12,870,417
	412,494		449,741
	1,858,824		1,858,824
	1,621,272		8,797,932
	(432,832)		4,357,825
	3,047,264		15,014,581
	3,047,204	-	13,017,301
\$	4,521,452	\$	28,334,739

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds To the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

Fund Balances of the governmental funds	\$ 15,014,581
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets net of depreciation have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity.	
Nondepreciable assets	6,027,197
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation	32,707,830
Revenues reported as deferred inflows in the governmental funds do not provide current financial resources but are recognized in the Statement of Activities.	449,741
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. Those long-term liabilities consist of:	
Certificates of Partipation	(8,653,832)
Compensated Absences	 (63,416)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 45,482,101

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Special Reven	ue Funds	
		General		Gas Tax	Measure A	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	28,135,237	\$	-	\$ -	
Licenses and permits		1,645,374		-	-	
Intergovernmental		161,180		2,720,342	2,517,367	
Charges for services		4,017,571		-	-	
Developer impact fees		-		-	-	
Fines and forfeitures		574,488		-	-	
Developer contributions		93,000		-	-	
Assessments revenue		-		1.010	-	
Investment income		53,044		1,919	2,066	
Other		434,345		5,641	146,458	
Total revenues		35,114,239		2,727,902	2,665,891	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		9,946,383		-	-	
Community development		3,911,240		-	-	
Public works		3,516,817		2,385,065	1,632,970	
Public safety		19,474,227		-	-	
Debt Service:						
Principal retirement		-		-	150,000	
Interest and fiscal charges				_	317,264	
Total expenditures		36,848,667		2,385,065	2,100,234	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(1,734,428)		342,837	565,657	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in (note 3)		1,447,156		_	539,725	
Transfers out (note 3)		(236,204)		_	(534,936)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,210,952		-	4,789	
Net changes in fund balances		(523,476)	_	342,837	570,446	
Fund balances, beginning of year		5,314,133		-	(450,249)	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,790,657	\$	342,837	\$ 120,197	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

	Capital Pro	jects Funds	Non-major	
	Developer	Measure A COP	Governmental	
Ir	mpact Fees	Series 2016	Funds	Totals
Φ		r.	¢.	Φ 20.125.227
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,135,237
	-	-	011 277	1,645,374
	-	-	811,277	6,210,166
	2,864,241	_	650,610	4,017,571 3,514,851
	2,004,241	_	-	574,488
	_	_	_	93,000
	_	_	1,616,832	1,616,832
	43,196	32,110	25,118	157,453
	-	37,147	24,193	647,784
	2,907,437	69,257	3,128,030	46,612,756
	-	-	-	9,946,383
	506,784	-	1,202,933	5,620,957
	-	2,810,699	687,006	11,032,557
	-	-	-	19,474,227
	_	_	_	150,000
	_	_	_	317,264
	506,784	2,810,699	1,889,939	46,541,388
		_,-,-,-,-,-	-,,-,-	
	2,400,653	(2,741,442)	1,238,091	71,368
	25,625	409,728	66,481	2,488,715
	(1,007,787)	-	(945,992)	(2,724,919)
	(982,162)	409,728	(879,511)	(236,204)
	1,418,491	(2,331,714)	358,580	(164,836)
	4,796,736	2,830,113	2,688,684	15,179,417_
\$	6,215,227	\$ 498,399	\$ 3,047,264	\$ 15,014,581

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (164,836)
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of these assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital expenditures	\$ 8,878,858	
Depreciation	(3,409,956)	5,468,902
Revenues that are measurable but not available are not recorded as revenues in the governmental funds.		7,504
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of preimums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities:		
Certificates of Partipation - repayment and amortization of premium		339,929
Changes in compensated absences		7,972
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 5,659,471

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities		
	Internal Service		
	F	unds	
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$	433	
		_	
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable		433	
Net Position:			
Unrestricted			
Total net position	\$		

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ -
Operating expenses:	
Contractual services	236,204
Operating income (loss)	(236,204)
Transfers:	
Transfers in (note 3)	236,204
Change in net position	-
Net position, beginning of year	
Net position, end of year	_\$ -

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service
	Funds
Cash flows from operating activities	
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	\$ (240,329)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(240,329)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	
Cash received from other funds	236,204
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	236,204
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(4,125)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	4,558
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	433
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Operating income (loss)	(236,204)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net income provided by (used for) operating activities:	
(Decrease) in accounts payable	(4,125)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (240,329)

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2018

Assets:	
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 2,664,225
Due from others	 1,461,485
Total assets	\$ 4,125,710
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 386,402
Deposits payable	 3,739,308
Total liabilities	\$ 4,125,710

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Jurupa Valley (the "City") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A) Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated July 1, 2011, under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City provides the following services as authorized by its general laws: public safety, public works, community development and general administrative services. Generally accepted accounting principles require that these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

B) Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation

The basic financial statements of the City are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include a single column for the governmental activities of the primary government. The City has no business-type activities. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. *Basis of accounting* refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the Statement of Activities, to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B) Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation, (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and non-major funds in the aggregate for governmental funds. Proprietary statements include financial information for proprietary funds. Proprietary funds of the City represent operating revenues and expenses from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund principal ongoing operations. Fiduciary statements include financial information for fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds of the City primarily represent assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations.

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *modified-accrual basis of accounting*. Their revenues are recognized when they become *measurable* and *available* as net current assets. *Measurable* means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. *Available* means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 90 days except for property taxes, which is 60 days.

Sales taxes, property taxes (including those in lieu of motor vehicle license fee), franchise taxes, gas taxes, transient occupancy taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available where cash is received by the government.

Revenue recognition is subject to the measurable and availability criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. Exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). Locally imposed derived tax revenues are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. Imposed non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B) Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus and Financial Statement Presentation, (Continued)

Governmental Funds, (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *current financial resources* measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. However, special reporting treatments are used to indicate that they should not be considered "available spendable resources," since they do not represent net current assets.

Recognition of governmental fund type revenue represented by non-current receivables are deferred until they become current receivables. Non-current portions of other long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts. Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities. Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as *expenditures* in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as *other financing sources* rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

The City's internal service funds are proprietary funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the recording of the City revenues and expenses. In the fund financial statements, the proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their statements. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the proprietary fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expense. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the proprietary fund financial statements, rather than as another financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the proprietary fund are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expense.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C) Fund Classifications

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund - To account for revenue received for gasoline taxes under Sections 2105, 2106, 2107, 2107.5, and 2032(h)(2) of the Street and Highway Code to be used solely for transportation related purposes.

Measure A Special Revenue Fund - To account for revenue received from the State of California from a special ½% sales tax to be used for street maintenance and improvements only. In addition, to account for the related principal and interest payments for the 2016 COP's.

Development Impact Fees Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the receipt of fees for development related activities such as infrastructure and public facilities.

Measure A Certificate of Participation (COP) Series 2016 Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the construction of all capital projects that utilize the resources from the Certificate of Participation Series 2016.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund type:

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds - These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds – These funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Internal Service Funds - These funds are used to account for self-funded insurance and information services activities.

Agency Funds - To account for development deposits made in conjunction with certain building, planning, and engineering permits issued. Upon satisfactory completion of the project, any unused deposit is returned to the depositor.

D) Cash and Investments

Investments are reported in the accompanying statement of net position at fair value. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings and changes in fair value. The City pools cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance, except for investment income associated with funds not legally required to receive pooled investment income which has been assigned to and recorded as revenue of the General Fund, as provided by California Government Code Section 53647. For purposes of the statement of cash flows of the proprietary fund types, cash and cash equivalents include all investments, as the City operates an internal cash pool that maintains the general characteristics of a demand deposit account.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E) Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Contributed capital assets are valued at their acquisition value at the date of the contribution. Generally, capital asset purchases in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of three years or more (one year for furniture and equipment, and five years for infrastructure). Capital assets include public domain general capital assets (infrastructure) consisting of certain improvements including roads, streets, sidewalks, medians, and storm drains.

Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. The City uses the straightline method in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the statement of net position. The range of lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital-asset class are as follows:

ItemUseful LifeInfrastructure20-100 yearsBuildings30 yearsLeasehold Improvements5-20 yearsLand Improvements15 yearsFurniture5 yearsVehicles7 yearsEquipment3 years

F) Fair Value Measurements

Certain assets and liabilities are required to be reported at fair value. The fair value framework provides a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.

Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly and fair value is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies including:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are inactive; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3 - Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. These unobservable inputs reflect the City's own assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability (including assumptions about risk). These unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the City's own data.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

G) Property Taxes

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes go into a pool, and are then allocated to the cities based on complex formulas.

Accordingly, the City accrues only those taxes that are received within 60 days after year-end. Property taxes are attached as a lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are levied on July 1 and are payable in two installments on December 10 and April 10.

H) Fund Equity

Fund balances are reported in the fund statements in the following classifications:

Nonspendable— Items that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form (such as prepaid or inventory) or items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as endowments).

Restricted– Items subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed— Items which are constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision-making. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint. The City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution.

Assigned– Amounts that are designated or expressed by the City Council, but does not require a formal action like a resolution. The City Council may delegate the authority, but such delegation of authority has not yet been granted to persons or bodies other than City Council.

Unassigned— The excess remaining amounts in the General Fund and the residual deficit of all other governmental funds, which have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

It is the City's policy that restricted resources will be applied first, followed by (in order of application) committed, assigned, and unassigned resources, in the absence of a formal policy adopted by the Council.

I) Net Position

In the governmental-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

I) Net Position (Continued)

Restricted Net Position – This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. As of June 30, 2018, \$11,016,813 of net position is restricted by enabling legislation.

Unrestricted Net Position – This amount is all net position that do not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

J) Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

When applicable, the statement of net position and balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent outflows of resources (consumption of net position) that apply to future periods and therefore, are not recognized as an expense or expenditure until that time.

When applicable, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net position) that apply to future periods and therefore, are not recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues for certain revenue sources not received during the availability period.

K) Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation (compensated absences). For governmental activities, this accumulation is recorded as an expense and liability in the fiscal year earned. For the governmental funds, the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation, which is payable from available resources, is recorded as liability of the fund when it has matured (i.e. when due and payable).

L) Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expense/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M) New GASB Pronouncements

Effective in Future Years

GASB Statement No. 83 – In November 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital asset should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's ARO, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018, or the 2018-2019 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of the Statement.

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, or the 2019-2020 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The Statement is effective for the reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, or 2020-2021 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of the Statement.

GASB Statement No. 88 – In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The Statement is effective for the reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2018, or 2018-2019 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of the Statement.

GASB Statement No. 89 – In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period*. The objectives of this Statement are (a) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (b) to simplify accounting for certain interest costs. This Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, or 2020-2021 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of the Statement.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 1 – REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

M) New GASB Pronouncements (Continued)

Effective in Future Years (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 90 – In September 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*. The objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The Statement is effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2018, or 2019-2020 fiscal year. The City has not determined the effect of the Statement.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2018, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position	
Cash and investments	\$ 20,120,115
Cash and investments - restricted	2,184,443
Fiduciary Funds	
Cash and investments	2,664,225
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 24,968,783
Cash and investments as of June 30, 2018, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand (petty cash)	434
Deposits with financial institutions	14,527,390
Investments	8,256,516
Restricted - Money Market Funds	2,184,443
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 24,968,783

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The following table identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code or the City's Investment Policy, where more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the City's Investment Policy, where more restrictive that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk. For bond proceeds or restricted cash and investments, the trustee holds money market mutual funds in accordance with the provision of the debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of California Government Code or the City's Investment Policy.

	**	Maximum	Maximum
Investment Types	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized by State Law	Maturity*	of Portfolio*	In One Issuer*
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	5%
Money Market Funds	5 years	20%	10%
Local Agency Investment Fund	None	\$65,000,000	None

^{*}Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

^{**} No more than 1/3 in excess of 2 years to maturity.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Rei	maining Maturity (In Months)	
		12 Months		
Investment Type	Totals	Or Less		
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 8,256,516	\$	8,256,516	
Held by bond trustee:				
Money market funds	 2,184,443		2,184,443	
Total	\$ 10,440,959	\$	10,440,959	

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's Investment Policy, or debt agreements, and the Standard and Poor's actual rating as of year-end for each investment type:

		Minimum	Rating as o	of Year End
		Legal		Not
Investment Type	Totals	Rating	AAA	Rated
Local Agency Investment Fund Held by bond trustee:	\$ 8,256,516	N/A	\$ -	\$ 8,256,516
Money market funds	2,184,443	AAA	2,184,443	
Total	\$ 10,440,959		\$ 2,184,443	\$ 8,256,516

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. Of the City's deposits with financial institutions, \$17,385,389 was in excess of federal depository insurance limits. This amount is collateralized pursuant to California Government Code.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value measurements are categorized based on valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs, including matrix pricing models; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments in LAIF are uncategorized as deposits and withdrawals are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Money market mutual funds are valued at net asset value \$1 dollar per share (amortized cost) and as such are uncategorized in the fair value hierarchy. Balances as of June 30, 2018 are as follows:

Uncategorized Investments:

Local Agency Investment Fund	8,256,516
Held by bond trustee:	
Money Market Funds (amortized cost)	2,184,443
Total Investment Portfolio	\$ 10,440,959

Investment in State Investment Pool

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at an amount based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance is available for withdrawal on demand based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. LAIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is not rated.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, are as follows:

	Transfers out								
						eveloper		lon-major	
	Gei	neral Fund	M	leasure A	Im	pact Fees	gover	nmental funds	Total
Transfers In:									
General fund	\$	-	\$	125,208	\$	401,581	\$	920,367	\$ 1,447,156
Measure A		-		-		539,725		-	539,725
Develop Impact Fees		-		-		-		25,625	25,625
Measure A COP Series 2016		-		409,728		-		-	409,728
Non-major governmental funds		-		-		66,481		-	66,481
Internal service funds		236,204							236,204
Total	\$	236,204	\$	534,936	\$	1,007,787	\$	945,992	\$ 2,724,919

Interfund transfers from the General Fund to the Internal Service Funds were to close out the Internal Service Funds at year-end.

The interfund transfer from Measure A to the General Fund was to cover administrative expenses.

The interfund transfers from the Developer Impact Fees fund of \$1,007,787 to the General Fund, Measure A fund, and non-major governmental funds were for contributions to various capital projects.

The interfund transfer from the Measure A to Measure A COP Series 2016 Fund of \$409,728 was to reimburse the Measure A COP Series 2016 for costs incurred in fund during previous year for debt service.

The interfund transfer from non-major governmental funds to the Developer Impact Fees fund of \$25,625 was to reimburse the Developer Impact Fees fund for costs incurred during the previous year.

The interfund transfers from non-major governmental funds to the General fund of \$920,367 were for costs covered by grants for safety (\$283,349), community development (\$16,271), administrative expense recognition for Landscape and Lighting Maintenance Districts Fund and Community Facilities District Fund (\$131,087), and for portions of the Riverside Drive capital project (\$489,660).

Due From/Due To Other Funds

The composition of interfund balances at June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Due Fro	Due From Other Funds		
Due to Other Funds:	General			
Measure A COP Series 2016	\$	1,459,294		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		422,981		
Total	\$	1,882,275		

The interfund balances reflected above represent short-term borrowings of cash pending receipt of reimbursements.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 3 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Advances From/To Other Funds

	Advances F	From Other Funds
Advances to Other Funds	Gen	eral Fund
Measure A	\$	367,000

In December 2017, the General Fund advanced the Measure A Fund \$1,167,000 to fund the Widening of Limonite Avenue between Etiwanda and Bain Street. In June 2018, the Measure A fund repaid \$800,000 to the General Fund leaving a balance of \$367,000 as of June 30, 2018.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning	A 1.15.1	D. L. d	Ending
Governmental Activities:	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 161,760	\$ 65,000	\$ -	\$ 226,760
Construction in progress	8,848,568	4,521,862	(7,569,993)	5,800,437
Total capital assets not being depreciated	9,010,328	4,586,862	(7,569,993)	6,027,197
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure	38,732,842	10,265,686	-	48,998,528
Buildings and Improvements	-	1,577,450	-	1,577,450
Leasehold improvements	506,187	-	-	506,187
Furniture and equipment	78,932	-	-	78,932
Land Improvements	40,510	18,853	-	59,363
Vehicles	547,751			547,751
Total capital assets being depreciated	39,906,222	11,861,989	_	51,768,211
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure	(15,456,884)	(3,262,121)	-	(18,719,005)
Buildings and Improvements	-	(29,671)		(29,671)
Leasehold improvements	(61,780)	(25,309)	-	(87,089)
Furniture and equipment	(28,190)	(11,276)	-	(39,466)
Land improvements	(1,350)	(3,329)	-	(4,679)
Vehicles	(102,221)	(78,250)		(180,471)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,650,425)	(3,409,956)	_	(19,060,381)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	24,255,797	8,452,033		32,707,830
Total capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 33,266,125	\$ 13,038,895	\$ (7,569,993)	\$ 38,735,027

Depreciation expense in the amount of \$3,409,956 was charged to Public Works.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Construction Commitments

The City had active construction projects as of June 30, 2018. The following table identifies the largest remaining commitments on projects as of June 30, 2018:

			R	emaining
	Contract Amount		Cor	nmitments
Citywide Pavement Rehabilitation - Phase 4	\$	1,395,000	\$	33,896
Riverside Dr Pavement Rehabilitation		129,265		99,723
Limonite Traffic Signal Project		136,144		67,911
Pedley Road Improvements		141,535		67,801
Citywide Pavement Rehabilitation - Management		63,995		63,995
Slurry Seal		513,665		46,952
Riverside Dr. Pavement Rehabilitation Wineville to Etiwanda		1,325,595		1,015,413
Limonite Widening, Baker to Pedley		38,481		20,176
Jurupa Valley High School - safe routes		98,260		2,343
Jurupa/Galena Modification		34,067		2,094
Total		3,876,007		1,420,303
Riverside Dr Pavement Rehabilitation Limonite Traffic Signal Project Pedley Road Improvements Citywide Pavement Rehabilitation - Management Slurry Seal Riverside Dr. Pavement Rehabilitation Wineville to Etiwanda Limonite Widening, Baker to Pedley Jurupa Valley High School - safe routes Jurupa/Galena Modification	.	129,265 136,144 141,535 63,995 513,665 1,325,595 38,481 98,260 34,067		99,722 67,91 67,80 63,995 46,952 1,015,413 20,176 2,344 2,094

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member of the Public Entity Risk Management Authority (PERMA), a joint powers insurance authority formed under Section 990 of the California Government Code for the purpose of jointly funding programs of insurance coverage for its members. PERMA is comprised of thirty-two participating agencies, twenty-two cities, four transit agencies and six special districts. The City participates in the liability, property, auto physical damage, crime, and cyber liability insurance programs of PERMA.

The liability program provides coverage up to \$50 million per occurrence for personal injury, bodily injury, property damage and public officials' errors and omissions. The City has selected a \$0 self-insured retention for this coverage and participates in risk sharing pools for losses up to \$1 million, followed by PERMA's membership in the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority (EIA) for \$49 million of excess liability coverage. The property insurance program is group purchased under a master property insurance policy with accumulated values from all participants effecting lower rates and broader coverage for members. The program covers real property, business personal property, inland mariner coverage for special mobile equipment and business interruption. Commercial property coverage is written on a replacement cost basis and all risk, eliminating the traditional commercial "named peril" policy. Property coverage is limited to \$100 million (\$2.5 million for flood), with deductibles of \$5,000 per occurrence except \$100,000 for flood and 24 hour service interruption.

The auto physical damage insurance program is also group purchased under a master insurance policy with accumulated values from all participants effecting lower rates for members. Auto physical damage coverage is provided up to \$100 million, with self-insured retention limits of \$2,500 for all vehicles. The crime insurance program provides public employee dishonesty, forgery or alteration, and computer fraud coverage under a master insurance policy up to \$5 million, with a \$2,500 deductible per occurrence. For cyber liability, the City is covered up to \$2 million, with a \$50,000 deductible per claim. The City is insured with the State Compensation Insurance Fund for workers' compensation claims. There is no deductible requirement for this coverage.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 6 – CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Various claims and suits have been filed against the City in the normal course of business. Although the outcome of these matters is not presently determinable in the opinion of legal counsel, the resolutions of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

NOTE 7 – REVENUE NEUTRALITY PAYMENT COMMITMENTS

As part of the formation of the City, the County of Riverside ("County") and City entered into a revenue neutrality agreement to be paid to the County annually. Upon reaching property and sales taxes of at least \$15,840,000 the City is required to pay a percentage of such property and sales taxes to the County at escalating rates in accordance with the terms of the agreement.

During the fiscal year-ended June 30, 2015, the Governor signed SB 107 to provide a one-time funding to the County in exchange for the County retiring approximately \$21 million in first year service cost reimbursements, deferred revenue neutrality payments and deferred sheriff payments, which included a portion of the amounts above. Under the Revenue Neutrality Agreement, the City shall continue to pay the County each year a portion of its tax revenues as follows:

	Percentage
Property and Sales Taxes in excess o	f:
\$15,840,000	16% of total
\$16,880,000	21% of total
\$17,940,000	22% of total
\$19,030,000	24% of total

Per the agreement, section 3.1.9, the City shall pay the County the total annual amount owed no later than 60 days following the end of the City's fiscal year. At June 30, 2018, the City reported Due to other Governments of \$3,719,329 to accrue for payments of \$57,100 for amounts due for FY 2016-17 and \$3,662,219 as estimated amounts due for FY 2017-18 under the agreement.

NOTE 8 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2018, exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

	Final		Excess Over
	Budget	Actual	Appropriations
General Fund	\$ 35,492,216	\$ 37,084,871	\$ (1,592,655)
Non-Major Funds:			
COPS Grant Fund	159,000	283,349	(124,349)
Alternative Transportation Program (ATP) Grant Fund	-	12,365	(12,365)
Emergency Management Performance Grant	-	16,271	(16,271)
Community Facilities Districts	164,373	192,266	(27,893)
Landscape & Lighting Maintenance Districts Fund	1,020,606	1,042,286	(21,680)

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 9 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities of the City for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Beginning				Ending	D	ue within
	Balance	Additions	I	Deletions	Balance		ne year
Certificates of Participation:					_		
Series 2016	\$ 7,895,000	\$ -	\$	(150,000)	\$ 7,745,000	\$	745,000
Plus deferred amount for issuance premium	1,098,761	 		(189,929)	908,832		-
Total Certificates of Participation	8,993,761	 -		(339,929)	8,653,832		745,000
Compensated absences	71,388	 92,947		(100,919)	63,416		57,455
Total	\$ 9,065,149	\$ 92,947	\$	(440,848)	\$ 8,717,248	\$	802,455

Certificates of Participation Series 2016

In October 2016, pursuant to an Installment Sales Agreement (Agreement) between the City and the California Municipal Finance Authority (Authority) for the Local Measure A Sales Tax Revenue (Installment Sale) Certificate of Participation, Series 2016 (Jurupa Valley Pavement Rehabilitation Project), the Authority issued \$8,165,000 of Certificates of Participation Series 2016, the proceeds of which were used to (i) finance the design, acquisition, and construction of certain local roadway improvements and street resurfacing projects within the jurisdiction of the City, (ii) fund a reserve fund for the certificates, and (iii) pay the costs incurred in connection with the execution, sale, and delivery of the Certificates.

Measure A revenues are the sole source of repayment. Payments remitted by the City to the Authority will in turn be remitted to owners of the Certificates of Participation, with principal amounts due annually each June 1, commencing June 1, 2017. The Certificates bear interest rates of 2 percent to 5 percent, and interest is payable semi-annually on December 1 and June 1, beginning on December 1, 2016.

The certificates maturing on June 1, 2027 are subject to optional prepayment prior to maturity after June 1, 2026. The Certificates are subject to mandatory prepayment prior to maturity, in whole or in part, on any date, from amounts received upon the acceleration of Installment Sale Payments upon the occurrence of any event of default under the 2016 Agreement, at a prepayment price equal to the principal amount to be prepaid, plus accrued interest to the date fixed for prepayment, without premium.

For the current year, principal and interest paid on the bonds was \$150,000 and \$343,292, respectively. The outstanding balance on the bonds was \$7,745,000 as of June 30, 2018. The Measure A revenues were \$2,517,367 for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 9 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The annual debt service requirements on these bonds are as follows:

Date				
June 1	P	rincipal	I	nterest
2019	\$	745,000	\$	314,700
2020		765,000		292,350
2021		790,000		269,400
2022		820,000		237,800
2023		855,000		205,000
2024-2027		3,770,000		464,050
	\$	7,745,000	\$	1,783,300

The City is required to maintain a Reserve Fund in the amount equal to the least of: 10% of the initial stated principal amount of the Certificates of Participation, Series 2016, 125% of the average annual installment sales payments, or the maximum annual debt service. The City has satisfied the reserve requirement through purchase of a surety bond, as allowed by the debt agreement.

Compensated Absences

The City's liability for accrued and unpaid compensated absences in the governmental activities totaled \$63,416 at June 30, 2018. The compensated absences are liquidated through the General Fund.

Dafiait Dalamas

NOTE 10 – ACCUMULATED FUND DEFICITS

The following individual funds reported deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2018:

	Den	icii Baiance
Non-Major Funds:		
Community Development Block Grant	\$	(303,343)
TUMF Grant		(80,752)
Beyond Initiative Grant		(48,737)

The City plans to eliminate the deficits in each fund with intergovernmental receivables to be collected in future periods.

Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2018

NOTE 11 FUND BALANCES

The following table summarizes the fund balance of the governmental funds as of June 30, 2018:

	Major Governmental Funds												
	Capital												
]	Developer]	Measure A	Ī	Nonmajor	
	Gei	neral	(Gas Tax	M	easure A	_Iı	mpact Fees	CO	P Series 2016		Funds	 Totals
Restricted:													
Community development	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,858,824	\$ 1,858,824
Public works		-		342,837		120,197		6,215,227		498,399		1,621,272	 8,797,932
Total Restricted		-		342,837		120,197		6,215,227		498,399		3,480,096	10,656,756
Unassigned	4,7	790,657				_		-		<u>-</u>		(432,832)	4,357,825
Total Fund Balance	\$ 4,7	790,657	\$	342,837	\$	120,197	\$	6,215,227	\$	498,399	\$	3,047,264	\$ 15,014,581



General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Variance with Final Budget -
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Taxes	27,512,136	27,512,136	\$ 28,135,237	\$ 623,101
Licenses, fees and permits	1,821,000	1,821,000	1,645,374	(175,626)
Intergovernmental	43,800	43,800	161,180	117,380
Charges for services	4,507,500	4,507,500	4,017,571	(489,929)
Fines and forfeitures	501,500	501,500	574,488	72,988
Investment income	53,400	53,400	53,044	(356)
Developer contributions	-	-	93,000	93,000
Other	100,000	100,000	434,345	334,345
Total revenues	34,539,336	34,539,336	35,114,239	574,903
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	6,162,819	7,737,819	9,946,383	(2,208,564)
Community development	3,992,095	3,992,095	3,911,240	80,855
Public works	3,448,868	3,448,868	3,516,817	(67,949)
Public safety	20,049,294	20,049,294	19,474,227	575,067
Total expenditures	33,653,076	35,228,076	36,848,667	(1,620,591)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	886,260	(688,740)	(1,734,428)	(1,045,688)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	171,243	171,243	1,447,156	1,275,913
Transfers out	(264,140)	(264,140)	(236,204)	27,936
Total other financing sources (uses)	(92,897)	(92,897)	1,210,952	1,303,849
Net change in fund balance	793,363	(781,637)	(523,476)	258,161
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,314,133	5,314,133	5,314,133	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 6,107,496	\$ 4,532,496	\$ 4,790,657	\$ 258,161

Major Special Revenue Fund

Gas Tax Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual Amounts	Fina	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Revenues:	 			,		, ,
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,738,814	\$	2,738,814	\$ 2,720,342	\$	(18,472)
Investment income	2,000		2,000	1,919		(81)
Other	 -			 5,641		5,641
Total revenues	 2,740,814		2,740,814	 2,727,902		(12,912)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Public works	2,822,930		2,822,930	2,385,065		437,865
Net change in fund balance	(82,116)		(82,116)	342,837		424,953
Fund balance, beginning of year	 -			 		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (82,116)	\$	(82,116)	\$ 342,837	\$	424,953

Major Special Revenue Fund

Measure A Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2018

							Fin	riance with
	Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Positive		
_	Original			Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,896,000	\$	1,896,000	\$	2,517,367	\$	621,367
Investment income		2,000		2,000		2,066		66
Other		2,000		2,000		146,458		144,458
Total revenues		1,900,000		1,900,000		2,665,891		765,891
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public works		510,800		1,765,993		1,632,970		133,023
Debt Service:								-
Principal retirement		1,634,700		1,634,700		150,000		1,484,700
Interest and fiscal charges				-		317,264		(317,264)
Total expenditures		2,145,500		3,400,693		2,100,234		1,300,459
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(245,500)		(1,500,693)		565,657		2,066,350
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		-		_		539,725		539,725
Transfers out		(17,700)		(17,700)		(534,936)		(517,236)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(17,700)		(17,700)		4,789		22,489
Net change in fund balance		(263,200)		(1,518,393)		570,446		2,088,839
Fund balance, beginning of year		(450,249)		(450,249)		(450,249)		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(713,449)	\$	(1,968,642)	\$	120,197	\$	2,088,839

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2018

Budgetary Accounting

The City Manager shall prepare and submit the proposed annual budget to the City Council for its approval for the General Fund, Gas Tax fund, Measure A funds, and other restricted revenues, which includes AQMD, CDBG, COPS, ATP Grant, EMP Grant, Community Facilities Districts, and Landscape and Lighting Maintenance Districts funds. The agenda for the budget workshops and budget meetings are noted in accordance with the Brown Act. After reviewing the same and making such revisions as it may deem advisable and public input, the budget is then adopted annually by the Council at a regularly held meeting. The budget is adopted prior to the beginning of the fiscal year and serves as the foundation for the City's financial plan.

The level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the fund level. Transfers of appropriations between department budgets can be made with the City Manager/Director of Administrative Services approval. City Council's approval is required for all budget amendments that result in a change to the adopted budget of the fund.

Budgets are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless they are re-appropriated through the formal budget process. Open encumbrances will be paid by subsequent year's budget appropriations. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities of the City.

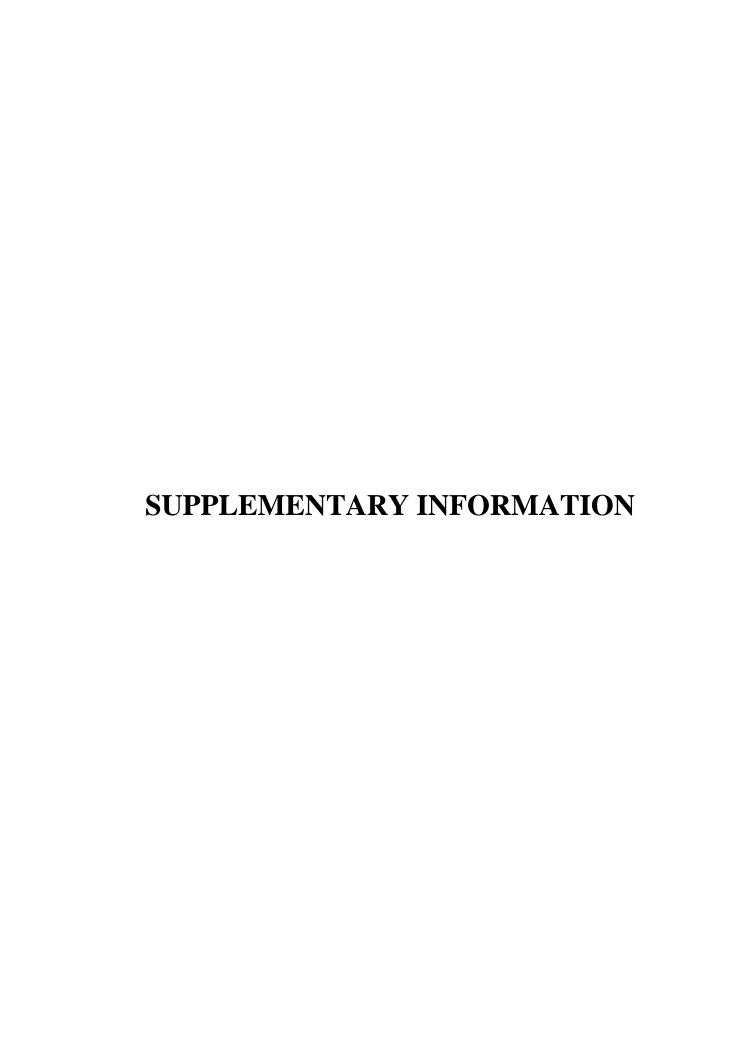
Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended in accordance with prescribed procedures throughout the fiscal year.

The following major funds had expenditures in excess of appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Final	Excess Over	
	Budget	Actual	Appropriations
General Fund	\$ 35,492,216	\$ 37,084,871	\$ (1,592,655)

The following funds do not have a legally adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2018:

- TUMF Grant Special Revenue Fund
- CalRecycle Grant Special Revenue Fund
- Beyond Initiative Grant Special Revenue Fund
- TDA Article 3 Special Revenue Fund
- Surface Transportation Grant Special Revenue Fund
- All Capital Projects Funds



CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Air Quality Improvement District (AQMD) Fund

To account for the City's share of vehicle registration fees that the State of California has allocated to address air quality concerns in Southern California. These monies are to be used in air quality maintenance programs locally and/or regionally.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Fund

To account for receipt and disbursement of the Community Development Block Grant Program of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development Program. Accountability follows the guidelines of Office Management and Budget Circulars A102 and A87.

COPS Fund

To account for revenue received from the State of California for front line public safety purposes.

TUMF Grant Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the Transportation Uniform Mitigation Fee (TUMF) Program's agreement to reimburse a portion of the improvements to Limonite Avenue.

Alternative Transportation Program (ATP) Grant Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures related to alternative transportation capital projects, specifically sidewalks on Troth Street and Pyrite Street that are partially funded by the State of California ATP grant.

Emergency Management Performance (EMP) Grant Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the Emergency Management Performance Grant that are utilized to support the building, sustainment, and delivery of core capabilities essential to achieving security and resilience at the City.

CalRecycle Grant Fund

To account for revenues and expenditures associated with the various CalRecycle Grants received from the State of California for use by local governments. The City was granted funds to construct pavement projects using rubberized pavement, to assist in the removal and disposal of materials illegally dumped in the public right of way, to enhance public outreach and education, and to incorporate preventative security measures.

Beyond Initiative Grant Fund

To account for revenue and expenditures associated with the Western Riverside Council of Governments (WRCOG) grants to member cities for Economic Development and Sustainability Framework Goals.

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) June 30, 2018

Community Facilities District Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a geographic area where a special property tax on real estate (a parcel tax) is assessed for the services within the district. The City currently has seven CFDs: CFD 13-001 Bellegrave, CFD 14-001 Harvest, CFD 14-002 Mission Estates, CFD 14-003 Granite Ridge, CFD 15-001 Riverbend, CFD 15-002 Skypark and CFD 16-001 Quarry.

Landscape and Lighting Maintenance Districts (LLMD) Fund

To account for the revenues and expenditures associated with a geographic area where a special assessment on real estate is assessed for the services within the district. Beginning in fiscal year 2015-2016, the City assumed responsibility for the administration of the districts, which includes managing the required services to be provided within the LLMDs.

Transportation Development Act (TDA) Article 3 Fund

To account for the monies received from the State of California under Article 3 of the TDA. These funds may be used for local street and road expenditures.

Surface Transportation Grant Fund

To account for the monies received for the Surface Transportation Grant monies. These funds may be used for local street and road expenditures.

NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

Road and Bridge Benefit District

To account for the receipt of fees for development related activities such as road & bridge projects.

Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2018

	Special Revenue Funds												
Assets	AQMD			CDBG		COPS	TUMF Grant			ATP Grant			
Cash and investments Intergovernmental receivable Deposits receivable Interest receivable	\$	135,139 33,356 - 230	\$	231,481	\$	80,012	\$	153,560	\$	- 214,238 - -			
Total assets	\$	168,725	\$	231,481	\$	80,012	\$	153,560	\$	214,238			
Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and	fund	balances											
Liabilities Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Deposits payable	\$	1,135	\$	277,474 25,869	\$	80,012	\$	105,451 48,109	\$	12,365 192,000			
Total liabilities		1,135		303,343		80,012		153,560		204,365			
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue				231,481				80,752					
Fund balances Restricted for: community development Restricted for: public works Unassigned		167,590 - -		(303,343)		- - -		(80,752)		9,873			
Total fund balances		167,590		(303,343)		-		(80,752)		9,873			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	168,725	\$	231,481	\$	80,012	\$	153,560	\$	214,238			

		Spe	cial I	Revenue Fu	ınds										F	Capital Project Fund	_	
						Beyond		Community		ndscape &				Surface		Road and		
	EMP			lRecycle]	nitiative		Facilities		nting Maint.		TDA	Tra	ansportation	_	Bridge		
	Grant			Grant		Grant		District		Districts		Article 3		Grant	Ве	nefit District		Totals
ď			Ф	54.424	¢.		¢.	1 205 677	Ф	CEE 272	\$	21 444	ď		\$	1 500 147		2 (10 202
\$		_	\$	54,424 25,294	\$	48,737	\$	1,205,677 5,702	\$	655,372 23,409	Ф	31,444 51,524	\$	-	Þ	1,528,147		3,610,203 867,313
		_		-		-0,737		3,702		-		- 51,524		37,000		-		37,000
				93		-		2,054		1,118		-				3,441		6,936
\$		_	\$	79,811	\$	48,737	\$	1,213,433	\$	679,899	\$	82,968	\$	37,000	\$	1,531,588		4,521,452
\$		-	\$	- -	\$	8,746 39,991	\$	44,402	\$	110,807	\$	31,444	\$	37,000	\$	- -	\$	591,824 422,981
				-		-		40,671		6,218		-						46,889
		-		-		48,737		85,073		117,025		31,444		37,000				1,061,694
						48,737						51,524						412,494
		_		_		_		1,128,360		562,874		-		-		-		1,858,824
		-		79,811		-		-		-		-		-		1,531,588		1,621,272
		_		-		(48,737)		_				-						(432,832)
		_		79,811		(48,737)		1,128,360		562,874		-				1,531,588		3,047,264
\$		_	\$	79,811	\$	48,737	\$	1,213,433	\$	679,899	\$	82,968	\$	37,000	\$	1,531,588		4,521,452

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				S	Specia	al Revenue Fund	S			
		AQMD		CDBG		COPS		TUMF Grant	ATP Grant	
Revenues	_		_		_		_		_	
Intergovernmental	\$	128,185	\$	107,828	\$	282,473	\$	183,252	\$	22,238
Developer impact fees Assessments revenue		-		_		-		-		-
Investment Income		674		-		876		-		-
Other		-		-		-				
Total revenues		128,859	-	107,828		283,349		183,252		22,238
Expenditures Current:										
Community development		18,976		_		-		-		-
Public works		-		408,149		-		215,895		12,365
Total expenditures		18,976		408,149		-		215,895		12,365
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		109,883		(300,321)		283,349		(32,643)		9,873
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-				(283,349)		(25,625)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		(283,349)		(25,625)		_
Net change in fund balances		109,883		(300,321)		-		(58,268)		9,873
Fund balances at beginning of year		57,707		(3,022)				(22,484)		
Fund balances at end of year	\$	167,590	\$	(303,343)	\$	-		(80,752)	\$	9,873

EMP Grant	Special F	ycle	e Funds Beyond Initiative Grant	Commun Facilitie Distric	s I	Landscape & Lighting Maint. Districts	TDA Article 3	Surface Transportation Grant	Capital Project Fund Road and Bridge Benefit District	-	Totals
\$ - - -	\$ 25	5,294 - - 284	\$ 62,007	783,	- 737 207	\$ - 833,095 4,115 24,193	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ - 650,610 - 12,962	\$	811,277 650,610 1,616,832 25,118 24,193
	25	5,578	62,007	789,	944	861,403			663,572		3,128,030
- -		432	82,759	166,	478 <u>-</u>	934,288 2,699	47,898	- -	_ 		1,202,933 687,006
		432	82,759	166,	478	936,987	47,898				1,889,939
	25	5,146	(20,752	623,	466	(75,584)	(47,898)		663,572		1,238,091
- (16,271)		-	-	. (25,	- 700)	(105,299)	66,481	-	- (489,660)		66,481
(10,271)				(23,	<u>/00)</u> _	(105,299)			(489,000)		(945,992)
(16,271)				(25,	788)	(105,299)	66,481		(489,660)		(879,511)
(16,271)	25	5,146	(20,752	597,	578	(180,883)	18,583	-	173,912		358,580
16,271	54	4,665	(27,985	530,	582	743,757	(18,583)		1,357,676		2,688,684
\$ -	\$ 79	9,811	\$ (48,737	() \$ 1,128,	360	\$ 562,874	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,531,588	\$	3,047,264

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund

Air Quality Improvement Fund (AQMD) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

						ance with	
	Ori	ginal and			Final	Budget -	
	Final	Budgeted		Actual	Positive		
	A	mounts	A	amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	121,000	\$	128,185	\$	7,185	
Investment income		150		674		524	
Total revenues		121,150		128,859		7,709	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community development		81,000		18,976		62,024	
Net change in fund balance		40,150		109,883		69,733	
Fund balance, beginning of year		57,707		57,707			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	97,857	\$	167,590	\$	69,733	

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Variance with			
	Ori	ginal and			Final Budget -		
	Final	Budgeted		Actual]	Positive	
	A	mounts	A	Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	676,252 \$ 107,828		\$	(568,424)		
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community development		15,000		-		15,000	
Public works		661,252		408,149		253,103	
Total expenditures		676,252		408,149		268,103	
Net change in fund balance		-		(300,321)		(300,321)	
Fund balance, beginning of year				(3,022)		(3,022)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$	(303,343)	\$	(303,343)	

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund COPS Grant

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Vai	riance with	
	Ori	iginal and		Fina	al Budget -	
	Final	Budgeted	Actual	Positive		
	A	mounts	 Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	159,000	\$ 282,473	\$	123,473	
Investment income			 876		876	
Total revenues		159,000	 283,349		124,349	
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures		159,000	283,349		124,349	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer out		(159,000)	 (283,349)		(124,349)	
Net change in fund balance		-	-		-	
Fund balance, beginning of year						
Fund balance, end of year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund

Alternative Transportation Program (ATP) Grant Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

					Va	ariance with	
	Oı	riginal and			Fi	nal Budget -	
	Fina	l Budgeted		Actual	Positive		
	1	Amounts	A	mounts	(Negative)		
Revenues		_		_			
Intergovernmental	\$	230,000	0,000 \$ 22,238			(207,762)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public works				12,365		(12,365)	
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		230,000		9,873		(220,127)	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfer in		900,000				(900,000)	
Net change in fund balance		1,130,000		9,873		(1,120,127)	
Fund balance, beginning of year							
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,130,000	\$	9,873	\$	(1,120,127)	

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund

Emergency Management Performance (EMP) Grant Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

					Var	iance with	
	Ori	ginal and			Fina	ıl Budget -	
	Final	Final Budgeted		Actual		Positive	
	Amounts Amounts				(Negative)		
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfer out	\$		\$	(16,271)	\$	(16,271)	
Net change in fund balance		-		(16,271)		(16,271)	
Fund balance, beginning of year		16,271		16,271			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	16,271	\$	-	\$	(16,271)	

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund

Community Facilities Districts Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Ori	ginal and		Variance with Final Budget -			
		Budgeted		Actual	Positive		
	A	mounts		Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues:							
Assessment revenue	\$	274,536	\$	783,737	\$	509,201	
Investment income				6,207		6,207	
Total revenues		274,536		789,944		515,408	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community development		164,373		166,478		(2,105)	
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures		110,163		623,466		513,303	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfer out			-	(25,788)		(25,788)	
Net change in fund balance		110,163		597,678		487,515	
Fund balance, beginning of year		530,682		530,682			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	640,845	\$	1,128,360	\$	487,515	

Non-Major Special Revenue Fund

Landscape and Lighting Maintenance Districts Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Omi	icinal and		Variance with Final Budget -		
		iginal and Budgeted	Actual		ositive	
		mounts	Amounts		egative)	
Revenues						
Assessments revenue	\$	880,000	\$ 833,095	\$	(46,905)	
Investment income		-	4,115		4,115	
Other			24,193		24,193	
Total revenues		880,000	861,403		(18,597)	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Community development		1,020,606	934,288		86,318	
Public works			2,699		(2,699)	
Total expenditures		1,020,606	936,987		86,318	
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over(under) expenditures		(140,606)	(75,584)		65,022	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out			(105,299)		(105,299)	
Net change in fund balance		(140,606)	(180,883)		(40,277)	
Fund balance, beginning of year		743,757	743,757			
Fund balance, end of year	\$	603,151	\$ 562,874	\$	(40,277)	

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Proprietary Funds June 30, 2018

Internal Service Funds

Risk Management Fund

This fund is used to account for the costs of operating a self-insurance program for general liability, workers' compensation, long-term disability and unemployment compensation. Such costs to other departments are billed at a predetermined rate set annually during the budget process.

Information System Fund

This fund is used to account for the operations of the City's internal information technology division. Such costs are billed to the departments and/or division based upon a predetermined rate set during the budget process.

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	In	ternal Ser	vice Fur	nds		
	Ris Manage	mation stems	To	otals		
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and investments	\$		\$	433		433
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable				433		433
Net Position:						
Unrestricted						
Total Net Position	_ \$	-	\$		\$	

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Ir	nds			
	Risk Management			rmation	m . 1
	Manag	ement	Sy	stems	Totals
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$		\$		\$
Operating expenses:					
Contractual services		69,264		166,940	 236,204
Operating income (loss)		(69,264)		(166,940)	(236,204)
Transfers:					
Transfers in (note 3)		69,264		166,940	236,204
Change in net position		-		-	-
Net position, beginning of year					
Net position, end of year	\$	_	\$	_	\$

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Proprietary Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Internal Ser	Funds		
	Risk nagement		formation Systems	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities	 			
Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	\$ (69,264)	\$	(171,065)	\$ (240,329)
Net cash used for operating activities	 (69,264)		(171,065)	 (240,329)
Cash flows from non capital financing activities				
Cash received from other funds	 69,264		166,940	 236,204
Net cash provided by noncapital financing				
activities	 69,264		166,940	 236,204
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	 		(4,125)	(4,125)
Cash and cash equvalents at beginning of year	 		4,558	 4,558
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ _	\$	433	\$ 433
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$ (69,264)	\$	(166,940)	\$ (236,204)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net income provided by (used for) operating activities:				
(Decrease) in accounts payable	 		(4,125)	(4,125)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (69,264)	\$	(171,065)	\$ (240,329)

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2018

General Agency Fund

The General Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds.

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Fund As of and For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Ju	Balance aly 1, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2018		
Assets Cash and investments Accounts Receivable Due from others	\$	3,033,003 488,925	\$ 13,664,289 - 1,461,485	\$ 14,033,067 488,925	\$	2,664,225 - 1,461,485	
Total Assets	\$	3,521,928	\$ 15,125,774	\$ 14,521,992	\$	4,125,710	
Liabilities Accounts payable Deposits payable	\$	1,023,172 2,498,756	\$ 8,022,141 14,445,176	\$ 8,658,911 13,204,624	\$	386,402 3,739,308	
Total Liabilities	\$	3,521,928	\$ 22,467,317	\$ 21,863,535	\$	4,125,710	

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Statistical Section June 30, 2017

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Net Position by Component Last Seven Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2012		Fiscal Year 2013		Fiscal Year 2014		Fiscal Year 2015		Fiscal Year 2016		Fiscal Year 2017		Fiscal Year 2018	
Governmental activities	<u>-</u>	_		_										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	16,666	\$	14,321	\$	12,332	\$	20,858	\$	22,163	\$	29,225	\$	32,266
Restricted		5,264		8,132		7,617		7,385		8,091		10,388		11,106
Unrestricted		(5,825)		(4,206)		(2,203)		11,718		8,662		210		2,110
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	16,105	\$	18,247	\$	17,746	\$	39,961	\$	38,917	\$	39,823	\$	45,482

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no information available prior to FY 2011-2012.

Changes in Net Position Last Seven Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2012		Fiscal Year 2013		Fiscal Year 2014		Fiscal Year 2015		Fiscal Year 2016		Fiscal Year 2017		Fiscal Year 2018	
Expenses														
Governmental activities:														
General government	\$	1,715	\$	1,746	\$	2,207	\$	3,511	\$	5,343	\$	7,969	\$	10,175
Community development		710		199		194		4,429		5,453		5,558		5,621
Public works		5,606		6,974		11,806		4,999		6,852		6,332		5,564
Public safety		7,818		12,762		13,827		15,997		17,743		18,356		19,474
Interest and fiscal charges						-	-					482		127
Total governmental activities expenses		15,849		21,681		28,034		28,936		35,392		38,696		40,961
Program Revenues														
Governmental activities:														
Charges for services														
General government		-		-		62		93		91		345		422
Community development		871		1,841		2,100		3,684		5,589		3,484		3,329
Public works		183		363		541		-		-		2,101		2,266
Public safety		66		183		336		534		518		287		364
Operating contributions and grants		5,566		5,204		6,697		7,570		7,828		8,214		8,891
Capital contributions and grants		18,958						232		290		3,566		2,443
Total governmental activities program revenues		25,645		7,592	-	9,736		12,113		14,316		17,998		17,716
Total government net (expense)/revenues	\$	9,796	\$	(14,089)	\$	(18,298)	\$	(16,823)	\$	(21,076)	\$	(20,698)	\$	(23,245)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position														
General revenues:														
Taxes:														
Property tax (2)	\$	181	\$	4,528	\$	5,597	\$	6,097	\$	6,468	\$	6,649	\$	13,304
Sales taxes		4,220		9,316		8,969		8,744		10,407		10,211		11,273
Franchise taxes		1,679		1,981		2,793		2,695		2,680		4,184		2,790
Transient occupancy taxes		149		171		167		208		250		273		284
Property transfer tax (1)		_		_		_		_		_		_		484
Investment income		3		8		9		9		23		146		157
Other		76		226		263		15,301		202		160		612
Total governmental activities		6,309		16,230		17,799		33,054		20,031		21,623		28,904
Total Change in Net Position	\$	16,105	\$	2,141	\$	(500)	\$	16,231	\$	(1,044)	\$	924	\$	5,659

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no information available prior to FY 2011-2012.

⁽¹⁾ Property transfer tax was included in the total property taxes amount prior to FY 2017-18.

⁽²⁾ The City began receiving Property taxes in lieu of motor vehicle fees in FY 2017-18 following adoption of SB130 in May 2017.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Seven Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

	cal Year 2012		scal Year 2013		scal Year 2014		scal Year 2015		cal Year 2016		cal Year 2017		cal Year 2018
General Fund		_	_	_		_		_		_		_	
Nonspendable	\$ 36	\$	5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	3,219		10,479		11,934		11,712		8,699		5,314		4,791
Total general fund	\$ 3,255	\$	10,484	\$	11,934	\$	11,712	\$	8,699	\$	5,314	\$	4,791
All other governmental funds													
Nonspendable	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted	5,264		8,132		7,617		7,385		7,944		10,388		10,657
Committed	-		-		-		-		-				-
Assigned	-		-		-		-		-				-
Unassigned	(11)		(95)		-		-		(178)		(522)		(433)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 5,253	\$	8,037	\$	7,617	\$	7,385	\$	7,766	\$	9,865	\$	10,224
Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 8,508	\$	18,521	\$	19,551	\$	19,097	\$	16,465	\$	15,179	\$	15,015

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no information available prior to FY 2011-2012.

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Seven Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2013	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2015	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2018	
Revenues								
Taxes:								
Property tax	\$ 181	\$ 4,528		\$ 6,096	\$ 6,468	\$ 6,649	\$ 13,304	
Sales tax	4,220	9,316		8,744	10,407	10,211	11,273	
Franchise tax	1,679	1,981		2,696	2,680	4,184	2,790	
Transient occupancy tax	149	171		208	250	273	284	
Other taxes	-	123	62	-	-	-	484	
Licenses and permits	482	637		1,342	1,421	1,634	1,645	
Intergovernmental	5,500	4,833		5,274	4,427	6,710	6,210	
Charges for services	625	1,436	2,234	3,093	3,147	4,010	4,018	
Developer impact fees	-	-	-	2,314	3,118	2,703	3,515	
Operating contributions and grants	-	-	-	270	190	-	-	
Fines and forfeitures	66	183	336	534	518	465	574	
Developer contributions	-	-	-	232	290	788	93	
Assessments revenue					923	1,520	1,617	
Investment income	8	15	9	9	23	146	157	
Other	76	104		221	202	174	648	
Total revenues	12,985	23,325	27,089	31,033	34,065	39,467	46,613	
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	1,635	1,737	2,198	3,495	5,316	7,684	9,946	
Community development	272	198	194	4,408	5,425	5,558	5,621	
Public works	1,824	4,605	9,773	7,941	8,116	17,435	11,033	
Public safety	604	12,698	13,766	15,922	17,652	18,356	19,474	
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	270	150	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	-	-	218	317	
Cost of issuance	-	-	-	-	-	328	-	
	4,335	19,239	25,930	31,766	36,509	49,849	46,541	
Excess (deficit) of revenues over expenditures	8,650	4,087	1,159	(733)	(2,444)	(10,382)	71	
Other financing sources/(uses)								
Proceeds of loan from County	-	6,019		-	-	-	-	
Transfers in	-	155	96	1,079	325	2,417	2,489	
Transfers out	(142)	(248	(225)	(1,238)	(513)	(2,630)	(2,725)	
Bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	8,165	-	
Premium on bonds issued						1,163		
Total other financing sources/(uses)	(142)	5,926	(129)	(159)	(188)	9,115	(236)	
Net change in fund balance	8,508	10,013	1,030	(892)	(2,632)	(1,267)	(165)	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	0.0%	0.0%	6 0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.67%	1.01%	

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no information available prior to FY 2011-2012.

Tax Revenues by Source - General Fund Last Seven Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Pr	operty	Sale	es & Use	Fra	anchise	nsient upancy	 Total
2012	\$	181	\$	4,220	\$	1,679	\$ 149	\$ 6,229
2013		4,528		9,316		1,981	171	15,996
2014		5,597		8,969		2,793	167	17,526
2015		6,096		8,744		2,696	208	17,744
2016		6,468		10,407		2,680	250	19,805
2017		6,649		10,211		4,184	273	21,317
2018		13,304 ⁽¹)	11,273		2,790	284	27,651

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no information available prior to that date.

⁽¹⁾ The City began receiving Property taxes in lieu of motor vehicle fees in FY 2017-18 following adoption of SB130 in May 2017.

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Seven Fiscal Years

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	F	Residential Property	_	ommercial Property	Industrial Property	 Other	tal Assessed Valuation	Less Tax Exempt Property	otal Taxable sessed Value	Direct Tax Rate (City)
2012		n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2013	\$	3,594,252	\$	427,294	\$ 1,775,487	\$ 599,155	\$ 6,396,187	\$ (43,846)	\$ 6,352,341	0.06933
2014		3,786,080		429,880	1,828,067	1,050,966	7,094,992	(44,707)	7,050,285	0.10347
2015		4,057,872		433,123	1,855,743	1,067,843	7,414,581	(45,601)	7,368,980	0.10196
2016		4,359,971		446,341	1,972,845	1,105,654	7,884,812	(46,292)	7,838,519	0.10011
2017		4,738,804		474,480	2,129,295	1,187,869	8,530,447	(47,027)	8,483,420	0.09838
2018		5,211,669		512,513	2,235,742	1,189,217	9,149,141	(44,814)	9,104,327	0.09650

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no data available prior to FY 2012-2013. The County of Riverside assessed and collected all property tax payments as a part of the County's assessment roll for FY 2011-2012. The first year for assessment and collections in the name of Jurupa Valley was FY 2012-2013.

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Seven Fiscal Years

City Direct Rates

0.16600

0.16600

0.16600

0.16600

0.16600

0.15600

0.06292

0.05958

0.05721

0.05755

0.05149

0.05376

Basic County, City, and

School Levy

1.00000

1.00000

1.00000

1.00000

1.00000

1.00000

1.00000

Fiscal

Year

2012

2013

2014

2015

2016

2017

2018

Community			
College District	Water District	School District	Total
n/o	2/0	2/2	1 00000
n/a	n/a	n/a	1.00000

0.43349

0.46506

0.43363

0.50210

0.53743

0.51817

1.66241

1.69064

1.65684

1.72565

1.75492

1.72793

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no historical data available prior to FY 2012-2013.
The County of Riverside assessed and collected all property tax payments as a part of the County's assessment
roll in FY 2011-2012. The first year for assessment and collections in the name of Jurupa Valley was FY 2012-2013.

Source: County of Riverside, Tax Rates by Tax Rate Areas (2017-2018) Schedule; HdL, Coren & Cone

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Five Years Ago

	2018				2013	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
			Total Taxable			Total Taxable
	Tax	able Assessed	Assessed	Tax	able Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Value		Value	Value
Costco Wholesale Corporation	\$	178,399,760	1.96%	\$	103,947,782	1.64%
UPS Supply Chain Solutions General Services Inc.	Ψ	113,678,683	1.25%	Ψ	88,302,210	1.39%
Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association		113,154,966	1.24%		104,554,198	1.65%
Nestle Food Company		72,317,255	0.79%		104,004,100	1.0070
Lesso Mall Dev Jurupa Valley Limited		70,000,000	0.77%			
Metal Container Corporation		67,205,703	0.74%		66,962,730	1.05%
COMREF So California Industrial		65,472,394	0.72%		-	1.0070
AMB Institutional Alliance Fund III		56,000,000	0.62%			
Cella		53,563,234	0.59%		_	_
Lineage Master RE 3 LLC		53,308,942	0.59%		63,163,277	0.99%
MGB X Vernola LLC (Vernola Marketplace)		-	-		57,098,070	0.90%
Home Depot USA Inc.		_	_		49,463,870	0.78%
TCAM Core Properties Fund Operating		_	_		48,564,583	0.76%
Space Center Mira Loma Inc.		_	_		46,221,295	0.73%
Prefco XVIII Limited		_	_		44,295,358	0.70%
1 10100 / VIII Ellillou	-				,250,000	3.1 070
Total	\$	843,100,937	9.26%	\$	672,573,373	10.59%

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no data available prior to FY 2012-2013. The County Riverside assessed and collected all property tax payments as a part of the County's assessment roll in FY 2011-2012. FY 2012-2013 was the first year for assessment and collections in the name of Jurupa Valley.

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Seven Fiscal Years

Collected within the Fiscal

		Year of	the Levy		Total Collec	tions to Date
Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied For the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collection in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy
2012	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2013	\$ 4,146,481	\$ 4,030,936	97.21%	\$ 115,545	\$ 4,146,481	100.00%
2014	4,473,310	4,319,380	96.56%	153,930	4,473,310	100.00%
2015	4,611,753	4,593,320	99.60%	18,433	4,611,753	100.00%
2016	4,740,260	4,690,434	98.95%	49,826	4,740,260	100.00%
2017	4,913,741	4,844,250	98.59%	69,491	4,913,741	100.00%
2018	5,092,844	4,997,898	98.14%	-	4,997,898	98.14%

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no data available prior to FY 2012-2013. The County of Riverside assessed and collected all property tax payments as a part of the County's assessment roll in FY 2011-2012. The first year for assessment and collections in the name of Jurupa Valley was FY 2012-2013.

Source: City of Jurupa Valley Finance Department; Riverside County Auditor-Controller's "2017-2018 Statement of Original Charge"

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Last Seven Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year (1)	Obl	eneral igation onds	Re	ease venue onds		ificates of cipation	_	namortized remium on CoP	Gove	otal rnmental tivities	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	 Debt per Capita
2012	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	-	\$ -
2013		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
2014		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
2015		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
2016		-		-		-		-		-	-	-
2017		-		-	7	,895,000		1,098,761	8	,993,761	0.49%	88.77
2018		-		-	7	,745,000		908,832	8	,653,832	0.45%	85.42

Notes:

- 1) The City of Jurupa Valley was incorporated during fiscal year 2011-2012. No information prior to that year is available.
- These ratios are calculated using personal income and population based on the schedule of demographic and economic statistics

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Ratio of General Bonded Debt Last Seven Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Obli	eneral gation onds	Allo	Tax ecation onds	ificates of cipation	Percent of Assessed Value	 Debt per Capita
2012	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	0.00%	\$ -
2013		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2014		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2015		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2016		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2017		-		-	-	0.00%	-
2018		-		-	-	0.00%	-

Note: General bonded debt is debt payable with governmental fund resources (of which the City has none).

Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no data available prior to FY 2011-2012.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Seven Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fiscal Year	Assessed Valuation	Legal Debt Limit (15% of Assessed Value)	Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Total Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of the Debt
2012	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
2013	\$ 6,407,560	\$ 961,134	\$ -	\$ 961,134	0.0%
2014	7,160,161	1,074,024	-	1,074,024	0.0%
2015	7,429,187	1,114,378	-	1,114,378	0.0%
2016	7,838,519	1,175,778	-	1,175,778	0.0%
2017	8,483,420	1,272,513	-	1,272,513	0.0%
2018	9,104,327	1,365,649	-	1,365,649	0.0%

Note: Section 43605 of the Government Code of the State of California limits the amount of general bonded indebtedness for public improvements to 15% of the assessed valuation of all real and personal property of the City. The City has no general obligation bonded debt.

Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no data available prior to FY 2011-2012. The County of Riverside assessed and collected all property tax payments as a part of the County's assessment roll in FY 2011-2012. FY 2012-2013 was the first year for assessment and collections in the name of Jurupa Valley.

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Seven Fiscal Years

Certificates of Participation - Local Measure A Sales Tax

Fiscal Year	Measure A Sales Tax Revenue		Debt Service Principal Inte			e Interest	Coverage
2012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	_
2013		-		-		-	-
2014		-		-		-	-
2015		-		-		-	-
2016		-		-		-	-
2017		3,245,981		270,000		218,093	6.65
2018		2,517,367		150,000		317,265	5.39

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no data available prior to FY 2011-2012. The City did not issue any debt prior to FY 2016-17; therefore, there is no applicable data for those years.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Seven Fiscal Years

Calendar Year	Population	ı	Personal Income in Thousands	Р	er Capita ersonal ncome	Median Age	Unemployment Rate
2011	96,745	\$	1,002,805	\$	10,365	27.4	12.2%
2012	97,246		1,039,993		10,694	29.9	11.2%
2013	97,774		1,743,702		17,834	30.4	11.2%
2014	97,738		1,797,500		18,391	30.8	10.7%
2015	98,177		1,806,787		18,403	30.9	8.8%
2016	101,315		1,847,987		18,240	30.9	7.9%
2017	101,315		1,937,729		19,126	31.5	5.9%

Note: Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no prior year information available.

Sources:

HdL, Coren & Cone Demographic & Economic Statistics report

- (1) Population California Department of Finance
- (2) Personal Income California Franchise Tax Board, adjusted gross income for zip code 92509
- (3) Median Age U.S. Census Bureau State of California for zip code 92509
- (4) Unemployment Rate California Employment Development Department

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Employment by Industry Current Year

	2018		
		Percent of	
Industry	Labor Force	Total	
Farm	12,600	1.76%	
Goods Producing	105,500	14.71%	
Trade, Transportation and Utilities	158,800	22.14%	
Information	6,100	0.85%	
Financial Activities	21,900	3.05%	
Professional and Business Services	67,000	9.34%	
Education and Health Services	106,200	14.81%	
Leisure and Hospitality	90,800	12.66%	
Other Services	22,800	3.18%	
Government	125,400	17.49%	
Total	717,100	100.00%	

<u>Note</u>: Information on the largest employers for the City of Jurupa Valley is not available. Presented above is the annual average of Industry Employment & Labor Force for Riverside County as of March 2016.

Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no information available prior to that date.

Source: State of California Employment Development Department

CITY OF JURUPA VALLEY, CALIFORNIA Full-time City Employees by Function Last Seven Fiscal Years

	(1)	(1)	(2)	(3)	
	General			Community	
Fiscal Year	Government	Public Works	Public Safety	Services	Total
2012	-	-	-	-	-
2013	-	-	-	-	-
2014	-	-	-	-	-
2015	1.00	-	-	-	1.00
2016	10.65	1.00	-	-	11.65
2017	11.30	1.00	-	-	12.30
2018	11.30	4.00	-	-	15.30

Notes:

Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no information available prior to that date.

⁽¹⁾ The City of Jurupa Valley has staff employed in City Manager, Finance and Administration, and Public Works departments.

The City contracts services for the remaining General Government and Public Works functions through third party consultants.

⁽²⁾ The City of Jurupa Valley contracts Public Safety services through the County of Riverside Sheriff's Department.

⁽³⁾ Community Services are provided by the Jurupa Community Services District.

Top 25 Sales Tax Producers Current Year and Six Years Ago

Fiscal Ye	ar 2017-18	Fiscal Year 2011-12		
Business Name	Business Category	Business Name	Business Category	
Arco AM PM	Service Stations	Adler Tank Rentals	Repair Shop/Equip Rentals	
Arco AM PM	Service Stations	Arco AM PM	Service Stations	
Arco AM PM	Service Stations	Arco AM PM	Service Stations	
Arco AM PM	Service Stations	Arco AM PM	Service Stations	
ATN Windows	Contractors	Circle K	Service Stations	
Circle K	Service Stations	Circle K 76	Service Stations	
Crest Steel Corporation	Heavy Industrial	Costco Distribution Center	Fulfillment Centers	
Edward Don & Company	Food Service Equip/Supplies	Edward Don & Company	Food Service Equip/Supplies	
GBW Railcar Services	Transportation-Non-Auto	Eldorado National	Trailers/Auto Parts	
Ifco Systems	Light Industrial/Printers	G & M Oil	Service Stations	
Inland Bobcat	Warehouse/Farm/Const Equip	Gasco	Service Stations	
Lowes	Building Materials	Kmart	Discount Dept Stores	
Merchants Metals	Contractors	Los Compadres Auto Sales	Used Automotive Dealers	
Mobile Modular Management	Trailers/RVs	Lowes	Building Materials	
Orco Block	Contractors	Mobile Modular Management	Trailers/RVs	
Peggs Company	Office Supplies/Furniture	Mostamand Shell	Service Stations	
Penske Truck Leasing	Transportation/Rentals	Orco Block	Contractors	
Ross	Family Apparel	Peggs Company	Office Supplies/Furniture	
S W School Supply	Office Supplies/Furniture	Ross	Family Apparel	
Shell	Service Stations	Shell	Service Stations	
Southwest Material Handling	Warehouse/Farm/Const Equip	Shell	Service Stations	
Stater Bros	Grocery Stores	Southwest Material Handling	Warehouse/Farm/Const Equip	
TTX RailCar	Transportation-Non-Auto	Stater Bros	Grocery Stores	
Universal Forest Products	Contractors	Valley Power Systems	Electrical Equipment	
Walmart Online	Fulfillment Centers	Valley Way Arco	Service Stations	
Percentage of Fiscal Year Total				
Paid by Top 25 Accounts	46.89%		54.94%	

 $\underline{\text{Note:}} \ \ \text{Due to the City's incorporation on July 1, 2011, there is no data available prior to FY 2011-2012.}$

Source: HdL Reports - Firms listed alphabetically (April through March data for each year)